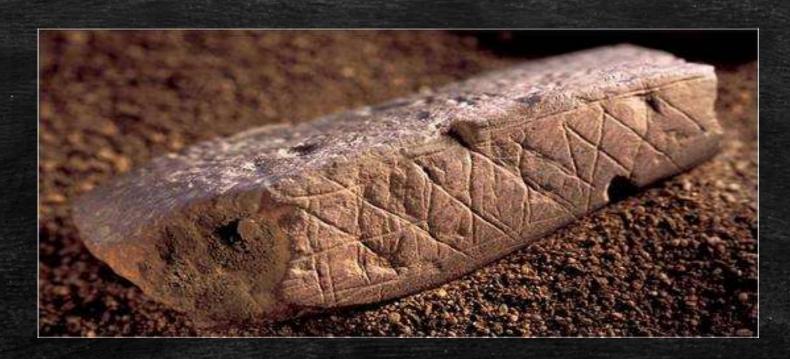
Hang on to any paperwork from yesterday. We will deal with it in a few minutes Answer the following in complete sentences

Sacred Space = A meaningful place distinguished or distinct from other places

- What are some examples of sacred spaces societies and people create or recognize?
- Are there traditions associated with them? (Provide examples)
- Why do we create sacred spaces?

Prehistoric Art

Incised Material



Apollo 11 Stones



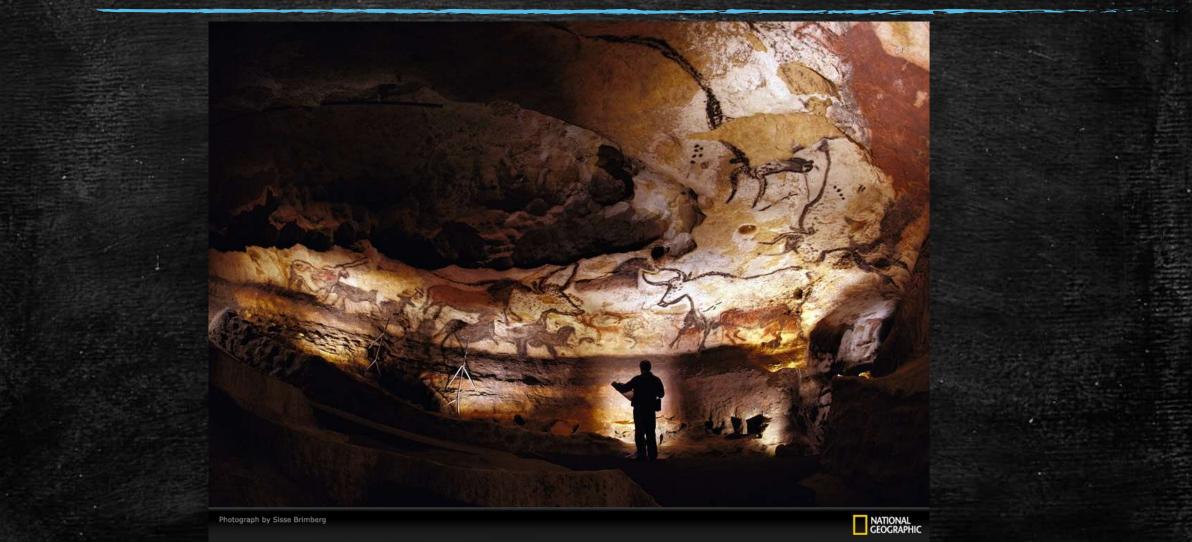


Apollo 11 Stones

- Namibia
- C. 23,000 BCE
 Difficult to date
- Charcoal on Stone
- Therianthrope?
 - Human that has morphed into an animal?
 - Complex belief system?
- Profile view



Lascaux Cave



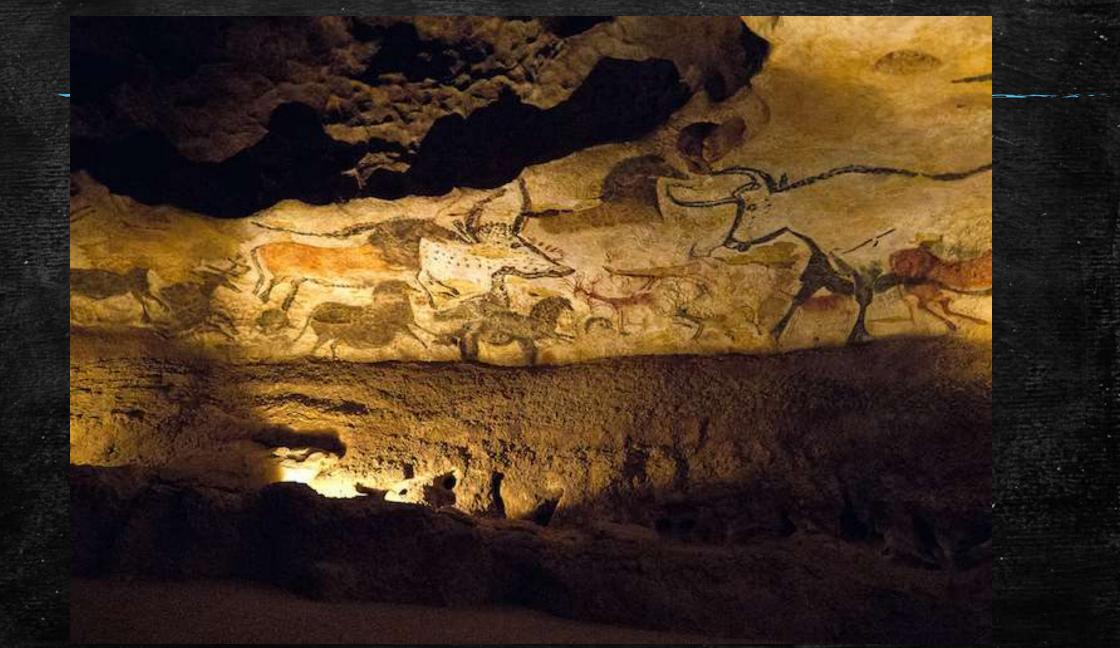
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Hall of Bulls = Frieze = horizontal decoration



Hall of Bulls = Frieze = horizontal decoration



Twisted profile/perspective

Animals appear in motion - use of perspective on legs



Great Hall of the Bulls

Lascaux Cave, France



■15,000–13,000 B.C.E.

- Caves were likely sacred space
- Why a large step in intellectual development? Religious development?
- Multiple generations overlapping images

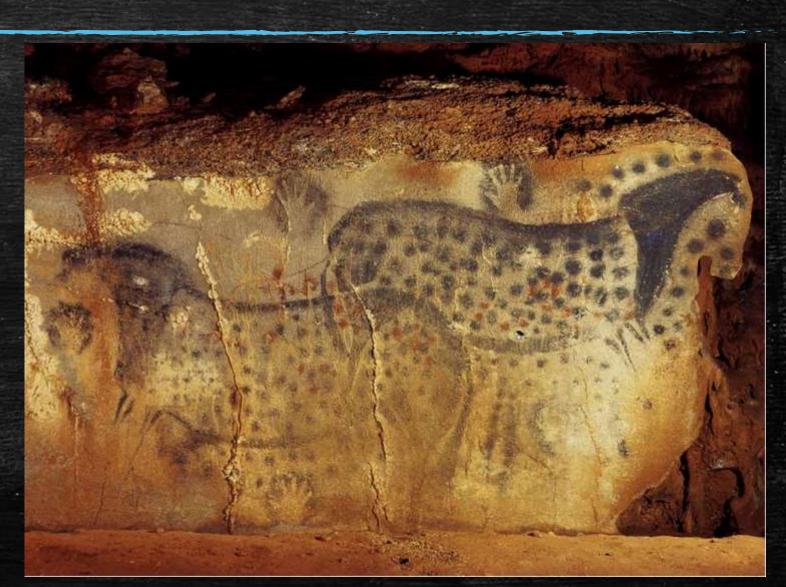
Sister Wendy would like to tell you about Lascaux Cave

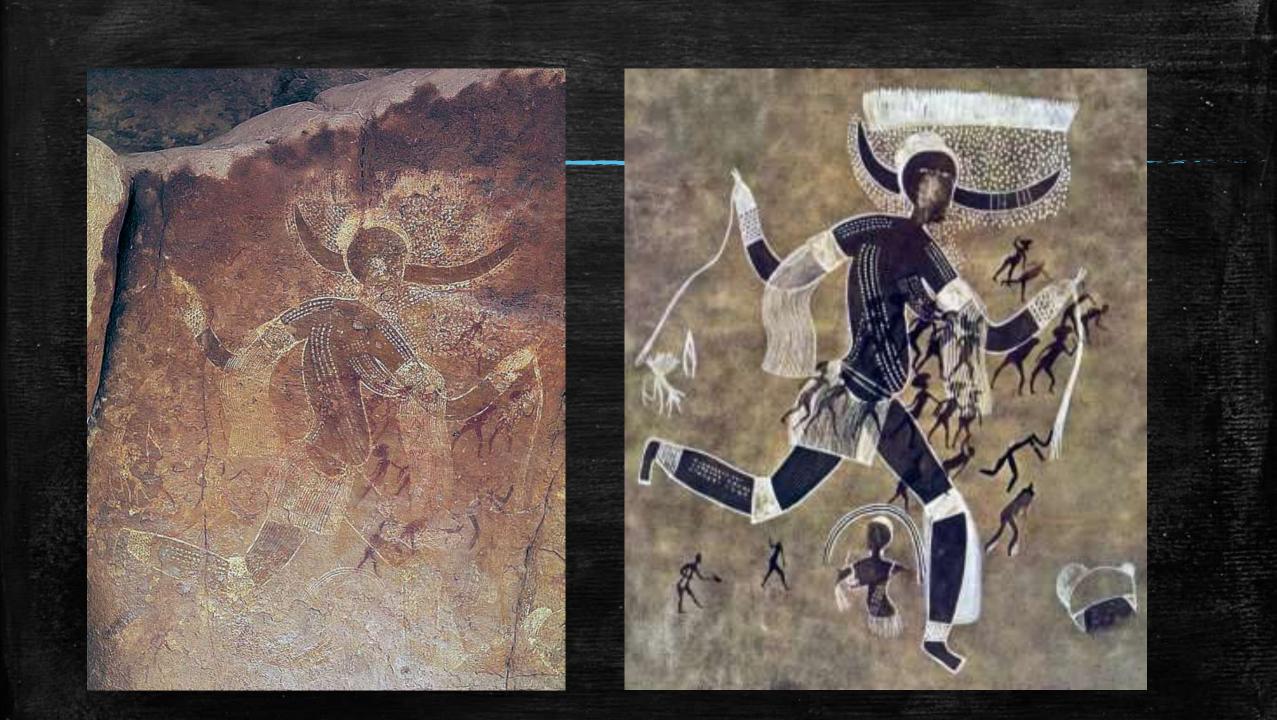


THE MISTS OF TIME

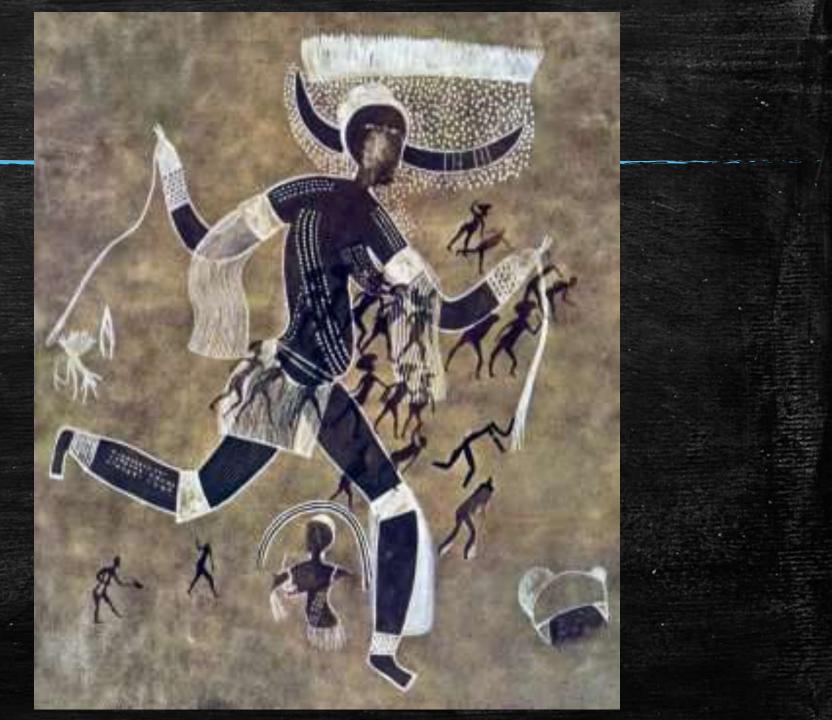
Pech Merle Cave (France)

 Note the rock formation on the right of the image





What do you see? What could it mean?



Running Horned Woman, Tassili n'Ajjer, Algeria, 6000-4000 BCE

Deity in human form --- no facial features

• Evidence the image is of a female?

Ritual attire

 Twisted perspective – profile body but not shoulders and head

Smaller figures are from a later period





What is this?

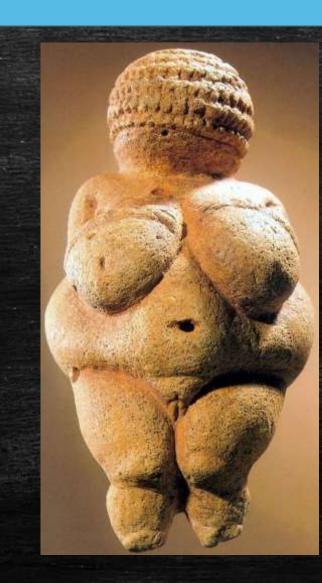
Archaeologists suggest this is a cloud of grain falling from a wheatfield or a cloud of water drops....why would these be important to people in the region?

White dots? Scarification?





Prehistoric female figures







Tlatilco female figurine. Central Mexico, site of Tlatilco. 1200–900 B.C.E. Ceramic.



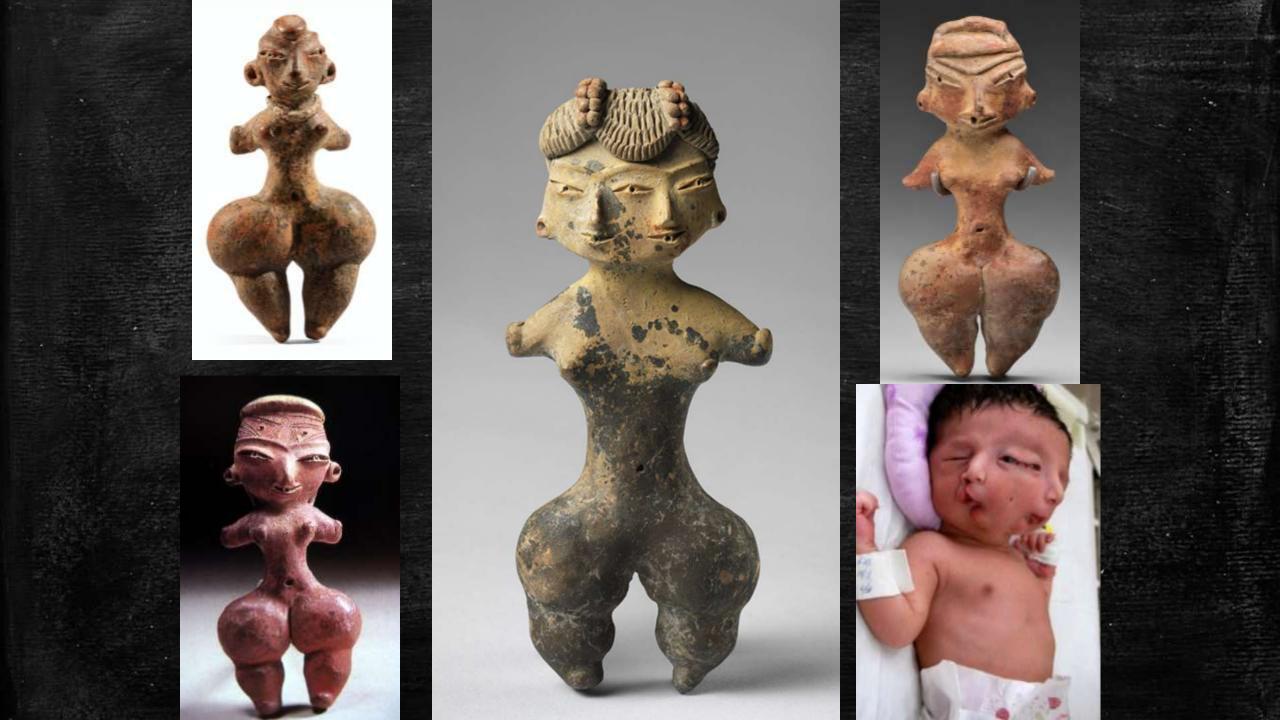




Olmec











Camelid Sacrum In the Shape of a Canine.

 In English: Pelvis bone of extinct camel thing carved in the shape of a dog's head



Tequixquiac, central Mexico 14,000-7000 B.C.E.



What does this suggest about the artist?



Camelid Sacrum In the Shape of a Canine.

- In English: Pelvis bone of extinct camel thing carved in the shape of a dog's head
- Importance of the sacrum bone in Mesoamerica
- Continued use of ceremonial masks in Mesoamerica and other cultures



Tequixquiac, central Mexico 14,000-7000 B.C.E.

This is an info graph

5 Tips To Keep Your Chin Up



Divide into distinct groups of 3-4

Move around and make room for yourselves

Select one person to go to the library and pick out the color of your group's paper. The paper should be around poster sized



Do something impulsive.

Do something impulsive that you haven't planned every day. It's better to have no plan so we can seize the opportunities that may arise.



Exercise at least 10 minutes a day. Exercising has an influence on your brain, on your mood, on your ability to reflect and on your health.



Learn something new. Learning helps to create new connections in your brain and to come up with new ideas and new opportunities.



Have rituals.

We are less who we are than what we do. Do 3 things that you love every day. As a result, feeling the gratitude will help you better sleep. Better sleep helps to be in a better mood. A better mood helps to make better decisions.



Take breaks.

Prevent burnouts by stopping what you are doing and do something else. Create a different atmosphere, add some novelties in your daily routine.

claws

claws

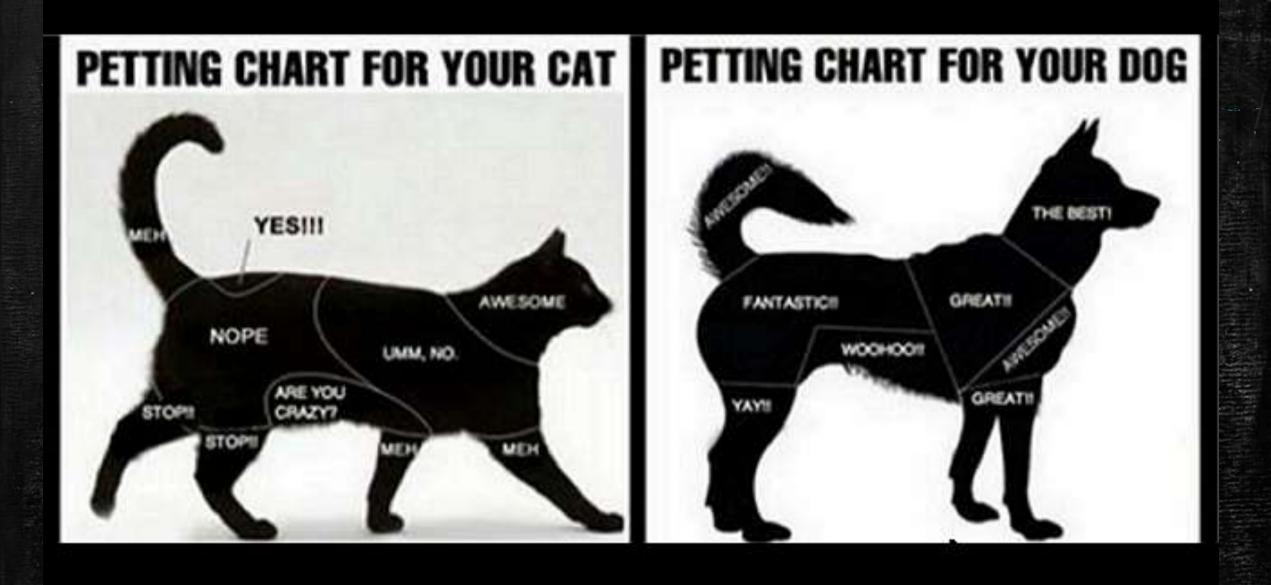
claws

touch here, risk being clawed

claws

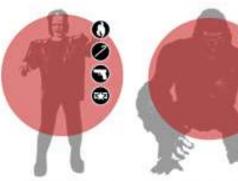
teeth (dripping with bacteria)

> unpredictable thought processes here



Common Methodologies of Monster Vanquishing

5.2







Werewolf

0

bullets only!

King Kong*

Alien

Extreme Cold

Firearms

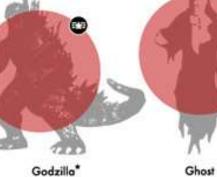
Killer Robot

Zombie

Invisible Man



000





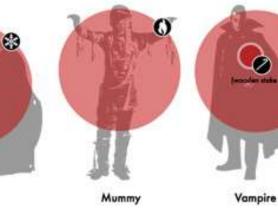
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Common Cold

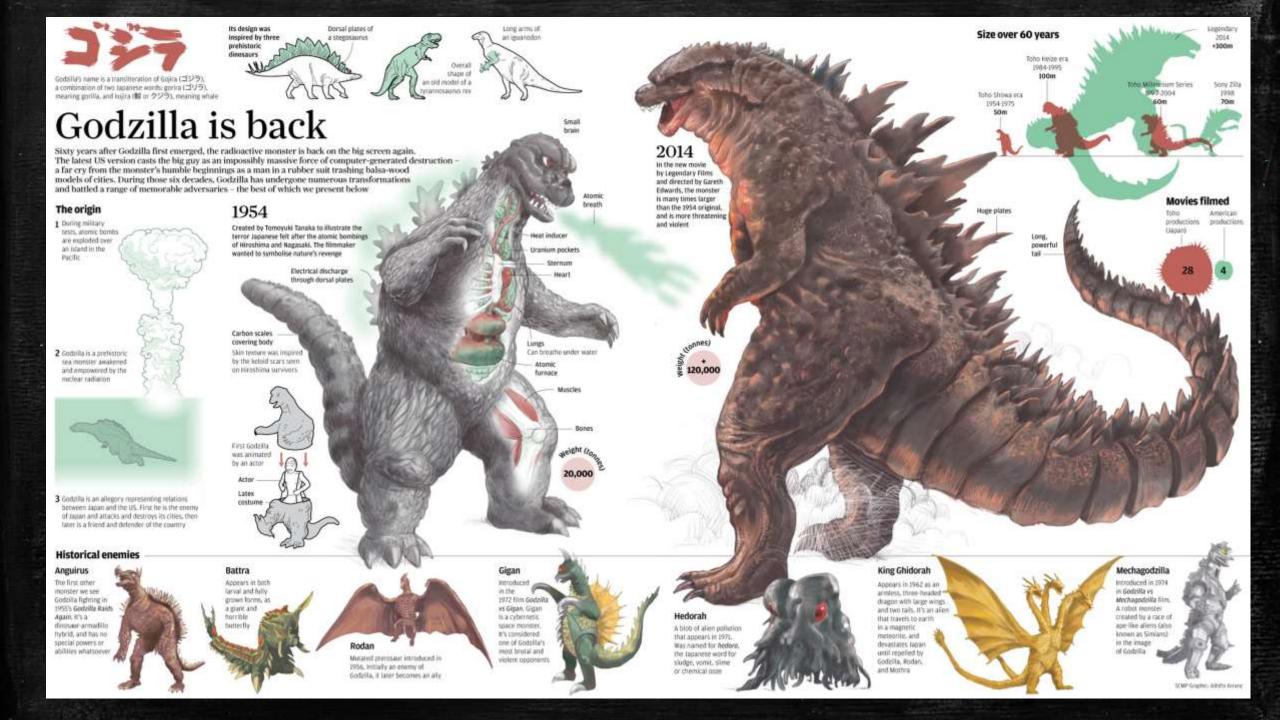
Sunlight

Blob*

() Fire

Armed Forces

Melee Weapon • Exorcism



Quiz coming up!

Researching interesting things about obscure prehistoric art

- Research the following terms in relation to art history
 - Form
 - Function
 - Content
 - Context

Use these themes to create an info graph explaining the group's selected work.

You have until the end of the block tomorrow to complete this assignment Be ready to discuss your work...yes, they will be prominently displayed around the room

Don't forget to add interesting supplementary information

Find your group's poster and complete your assignment



Place posters in an organized fashion around the room

They must be placed so others can read them

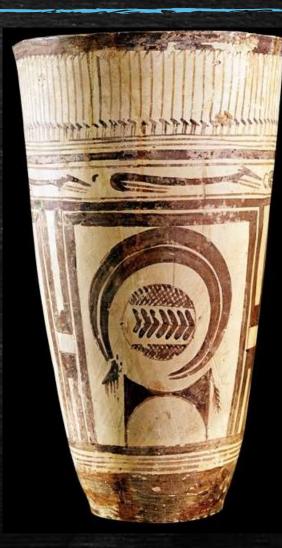
Use the tape provided and please share

Do not waste tape

Be calm

Bushel with Ibex Motifs, Susa (modern day Iran), 4200 BCE, Painted Terra Cotta

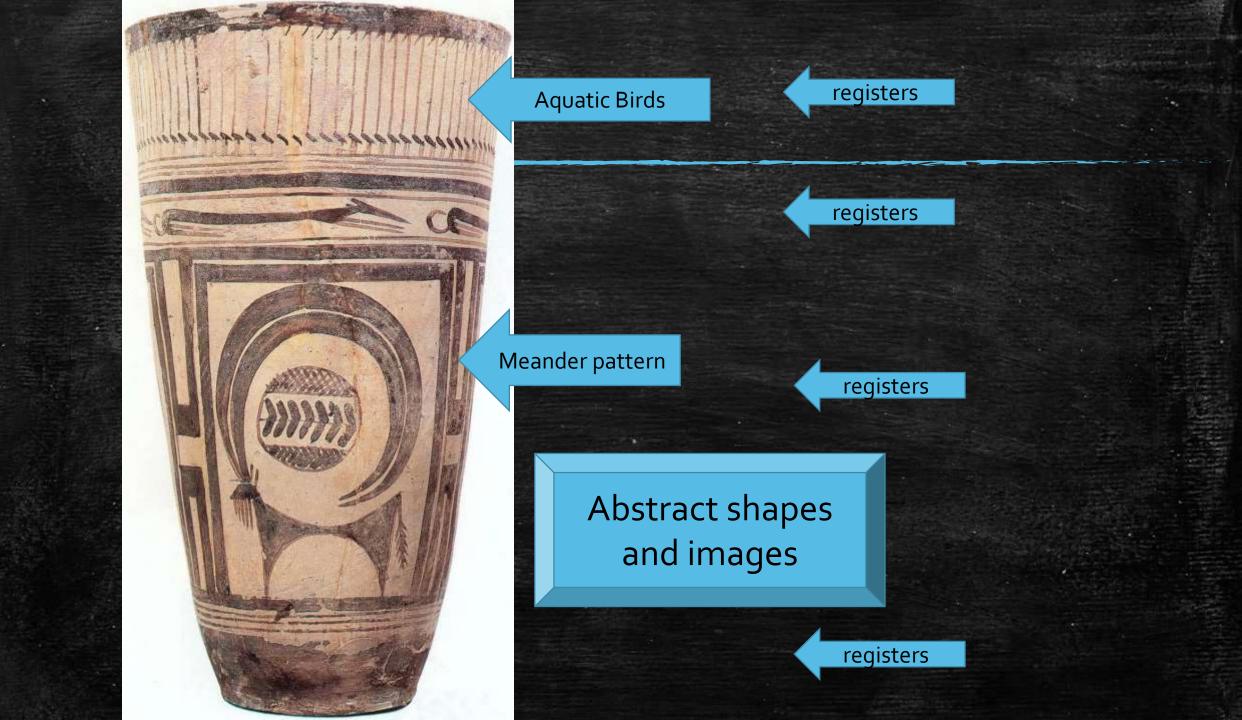








12″





Anthropomorphic Stele, Saudi Arabia, 4000-3000 B.C.E.



Stele: Vertical stone monument usually carved with relief or text

Pronounce Stele

4000-3000 BCE = Pre-Islamic: Why does that make sense considering the content (even if you didn't know the date?













Jade *cong*. Liangzhu, China. 3300–2200 B.C.E. Carved jade.



<u>Terra Cotta Fragment</u>, Lapita Culture, Solomon Islands, c. 1000 BCE, Incised Terra Cotta

Lapita Culture

 Agricultural
 Established
 communities
 Travel and settlement

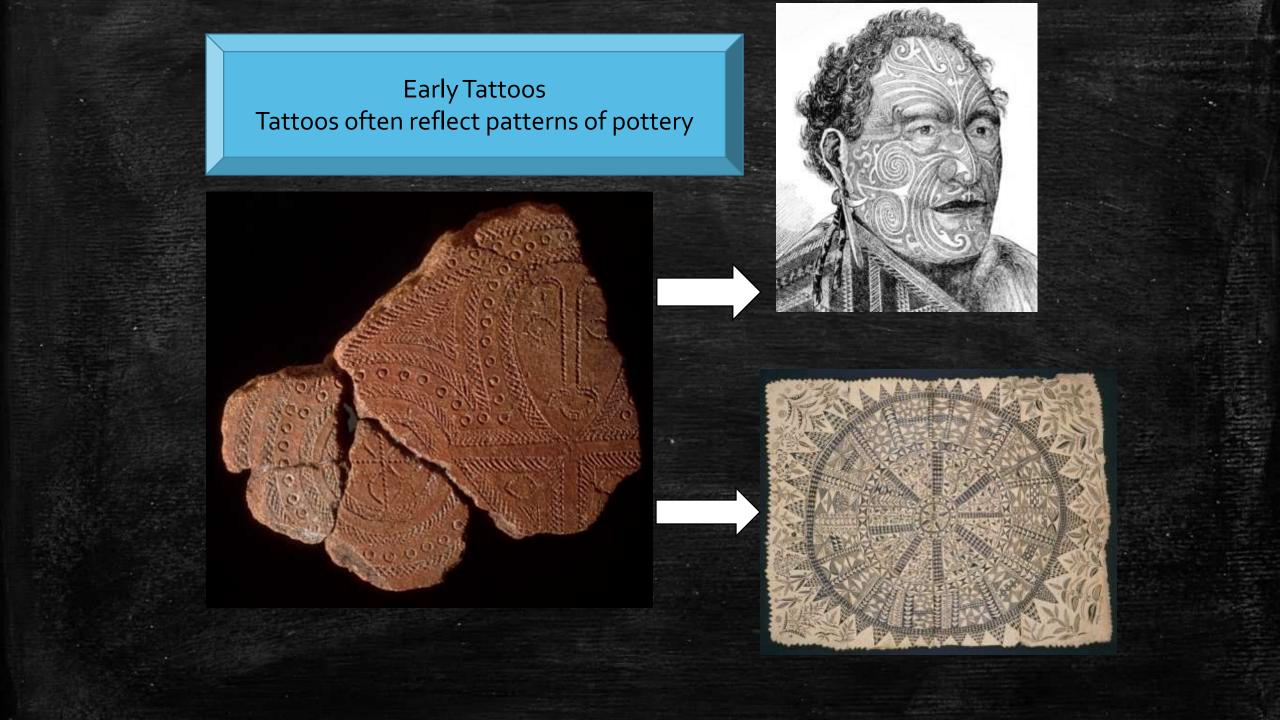




Repeating Geometric Patterns

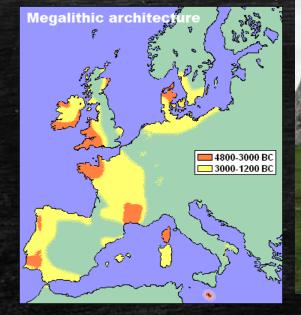
Stylized Faces

Pottery often used as funerary art

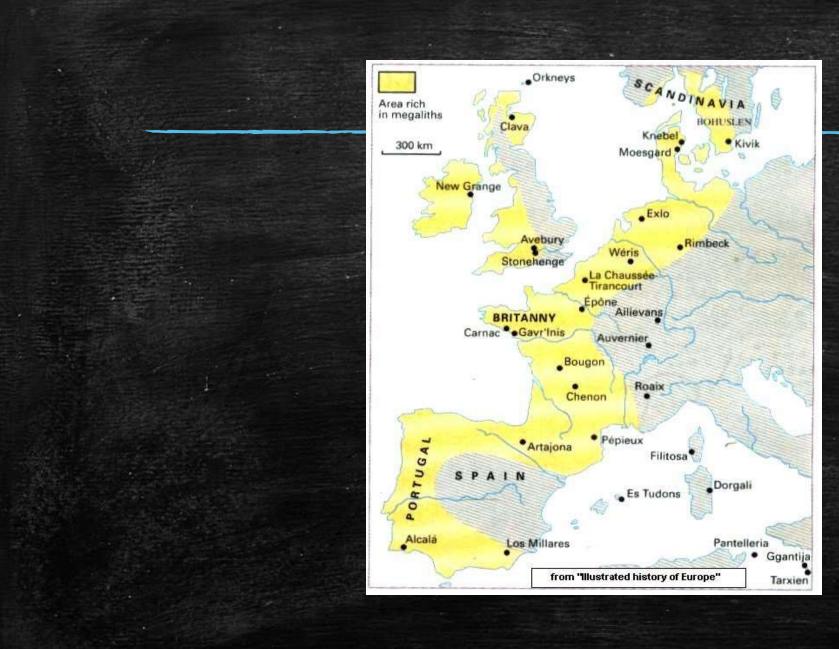


Religion and Ceremony

Megaliths







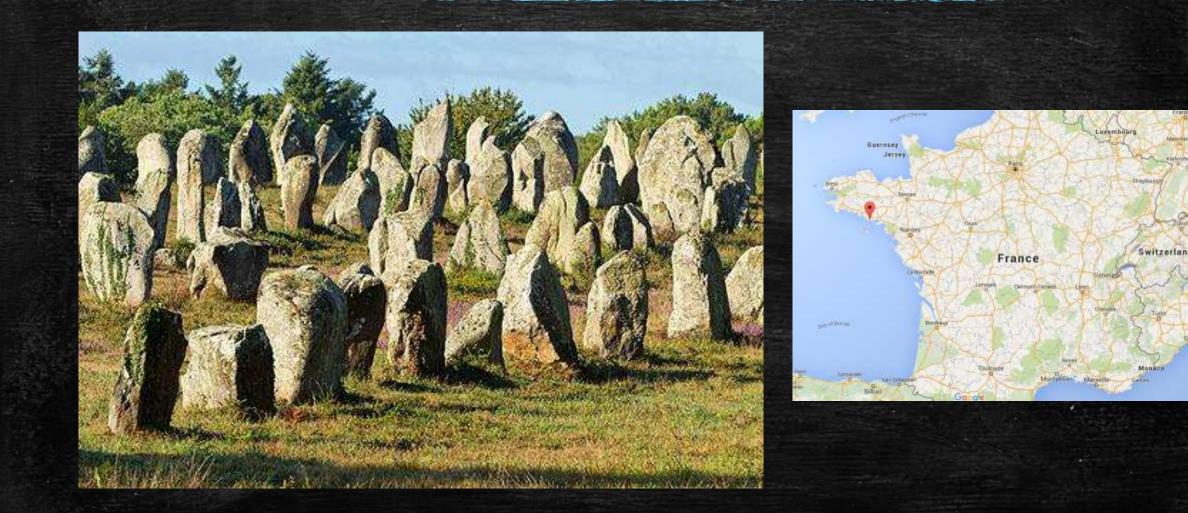


Menhir

Single stones, upright in the ground



Carnac (France)



Carnac (France) c. 4000 BCE





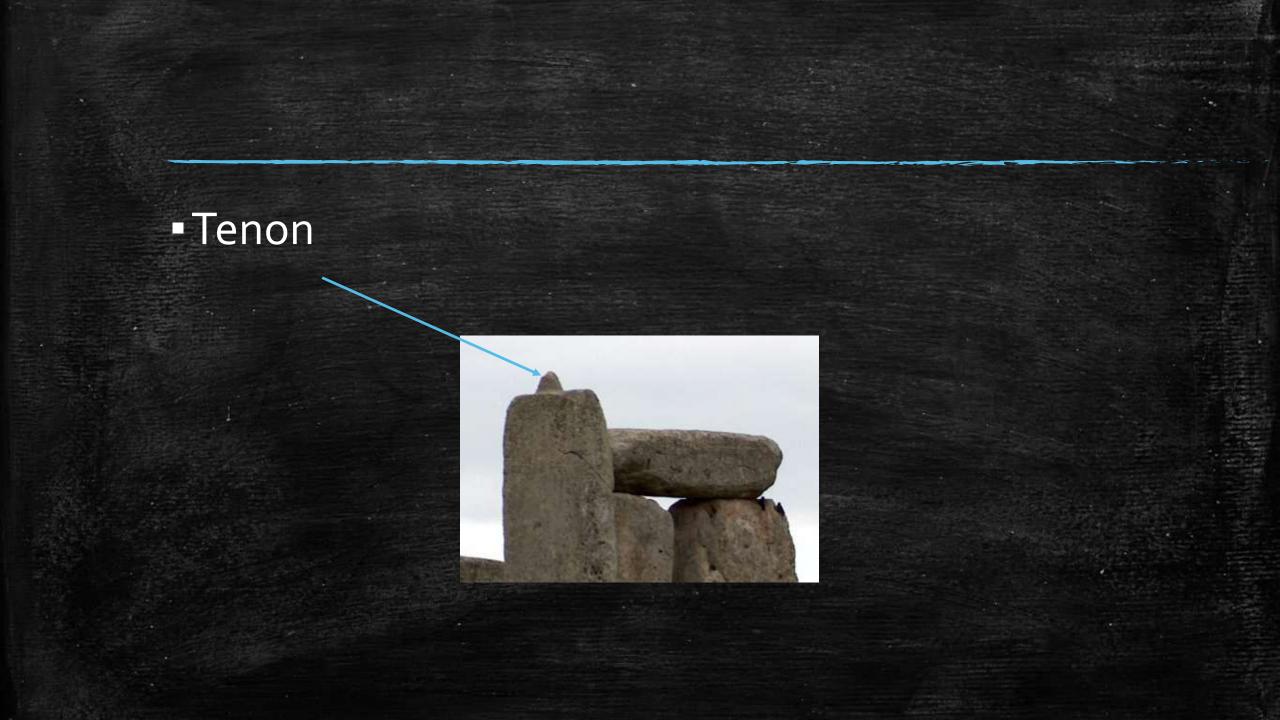
Dolmen



Stonehenge

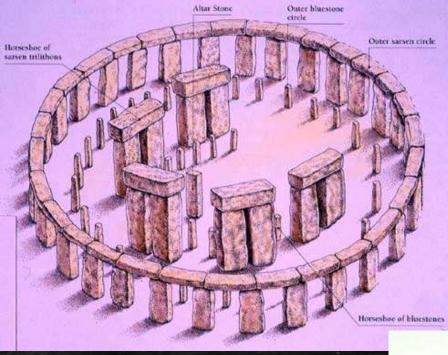


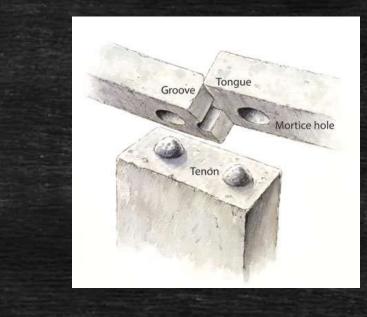














STONEHENGE PERIOD IIIC, WILTSHIRE

Stonehenge from the east, as it might have appeared in the final phase of its construction, about 1550 BC

